

The Jane | Antwerp, Belgium | Piet Boon

## RELIGIOUS

EXPERIENCE A Dutch design team transforms a former church into a sybaritic sanctuary of dining for a Michelin-star chef.

## BY CHRIS FOGES

unch at The Jane in Antwerp, Belgium, is not so much a meal as a four-hour performance, choreographed to the smallest detail and designed to engage every sense. An exquisitely presented menu, served in bite-sized portions, delights with magical combinations of tastes, textures, and temperatures. Its elegance, weirdness, and precision is echoed in the design of the restaurant, created within a derelict church by the Dutch studio Piet Boon.

Set on the grounds of a 19th-century military hospital recently converted into apartments, the church gives little outward sign of its transformation save for a discreet neon logo and the muted burble of music emanating from inside. Behind stout wooden doors is the former narthex, where a heavy reception desk carved from cracked, blackened timber is flanked by two tall openings leading to the 36-by-66-foot dining room.

As guests enter the light-filled nave, all eyes are drawn irresistibly upward to the barrel-vaulted ceiling, proudly displaying the scars of decay and repair, and to a spectacular chandelier, 30 feet wide and 40 feet long. Bristling with 150 steel rods tipped with mouth-blown glass lamps, it hangs in the space like a giant luminescent sea urchin.

With its lowest branches just 9 feet from the floor, the chandelier celebrates the room's monumental scale while creating an intimate atmosphere underneath, where the seating arrangement retains a vestigial sense of the church's axial plan. Tables line the long walls and are double-banked down the center of the room, forming two aisles. Furniture in the middle of the space is slightly lower to the ground, ensuring good sightlines for people-watching.

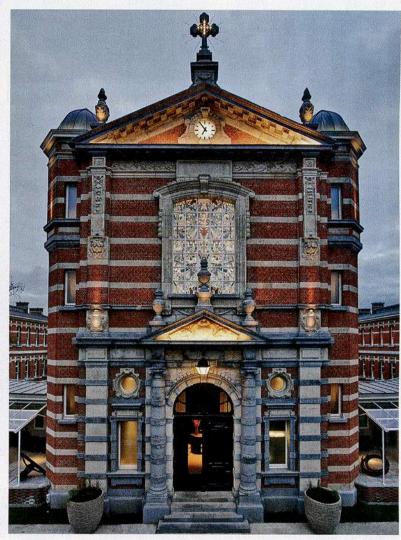
The room's focus, however, is on the kitchen, prominently positioned in the former apse, where chefs stand at the pass-through like priests at the altar, sealed off behind a screen of steel-framed glazing. Silent sliding doors admit a constant relay of blue-aproped waiters from a service station at the opposite end of the room, where a matching steel and glass box has been inserted beneath

Isolating the kitchen contains cooking smells and "the screams of the chef," says lead designer Rienk Wiersma, but the enclosure also alludes to the vitrines in which churches display holy relics. More overt references to the building's history-medical, military, and religious-are found in the 15 new stained-glass windows. A panoply of vivid cartoons depicts candy-colored cupcakes and ice-cream cones alongside rosaries, the crucifixion, and icons of sickness and war: poison bottles, bandages, and bombs.

Those who look closely may also register the presence of skulls, butterflies, bubbles, and other images used in vanitas paintings to symbolize the transience of earthly life. Another memento mori appears in the form of a neon skull by artist Kendell Geers that hangs high in the

apse. Reminders of mortality might seem incongruous in a place devoted to pleasure, but the works fit comfortably both with the dilapidated vault overhead and with chef-proprietor Sergio Herman's brief for a sensual, chic restaurant "with a hint of darkness," where "fine dining meets rock 'n' roll."

This concept is manifested more literally in the tattoo designs laser-etched into



DIVINE INTERVENTION The 19th-century church (above) appears unchanged. Though the interior suffered significant deterioration during a 25-year vacancy, the designers opted to preserve its existing condition where possible (opposite). Original floor tiles were retained, and the 38-foot-high plaster ceiling was repaired and sealed but left unpainted. Damaged moldings were stabilized and painted white like the walls.



GOD IS IN THE DETAILS New windows were produced by sintering ceramic pigments into the surface of 500 glass panes (left). The radiators are beneath the leather banquettes (designed by Piet Boon), and fabric acoustic panels line the walls above. Spine chairs by Space Copenhagen are at the perimeter tables; green Feel Good chairs by Antonio Citterio fill out the circular tables (opposite).

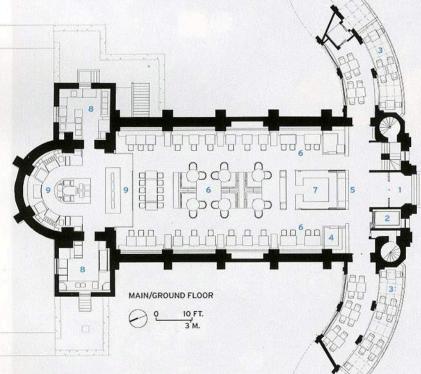
steel kitchen equipment. Such attention to material detail is their signature. They have their own craftsmen and thereevident throughout, and almost everything the diner sees is custom-made. Piet Boon adopted a curatorial role, working with other designers and manufacturers on products ranging from tableware to textiles, though sometimes, as with window designer Studio Job, maintaining a certain distance, because, says Boon's Wiersma, "the quality of the result rests" leather. A pale sage green is used sparingly on loose furnion how much freedom you give." The lighting plan, including the chandelier centerpiece, was designed by Beirut-based .PSLAB. "Of course, we could have come up with our own design," says Wiersma, "but they are specialists, and we love

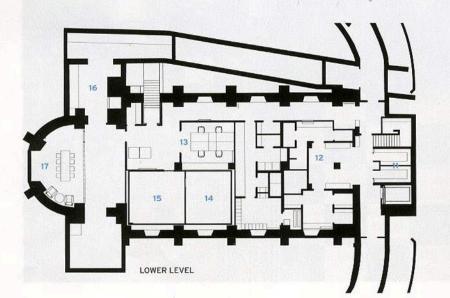
fore can create extraordinary custom-made pieces."

Bringing together works by numerous hands in a building with its own powerful presence might have produced a discordant mess, but coherence is lent by a controlled palette of materials that will age well: steel, dark-stained oak, and ture and quilted acoustic panels, while the pilasters and plaster moldings on the walls of the nave are unified by a coat of white. The apse, painted battleship gray, recedes into the background.



THE JANE





A maximum capacity of only 80 covers also contributes to the room's relaxed feel. "It was never the idea to get in as many people as we could," says Wiersma. "Service is an important part of the experience, so we tried to keep the space as open as possible to allow easy access and create the right ambience." Places are also found for much of the necessary paraphernalia of a restaurant. Wooden cutlery chests double as low-level space dividers, and the sommelier's bar makes a focal point in the center.

Another 30 guests can be seated around a marble-topped bar on the enlarged mezzanine. There, the material themes of the dining room are developed in dark parquet flooring and black steel lighting tracks-which are among the "ridiculous" number and variety of light fixtures installed to give uniform illumination throughout the space, says Wiersma. "At the moment, a lot of restaurants are dark, but here the ambition was to be light and bright." A warm color temperature, enhanced by brass shades on the chalice-like table lamps and cylindrical ceiling lights, offsets the "cooler" elements of the interior, both at night and during the day.

It is this subtlety of detail that diners begin to notice once the initial impact of the space has faded. Piet Boon has created a room that is calm but sufficiently rich to sustain interest over a long sitting. Like the diverse series of flower-bedecked foams, crisp textures, and emulsions that make up The Jane's tasting menu, the parts are good but the whole is great. ■

- 1 ENTRANCE
- 2 ELEVATOR
- 3 COVERED TERRACE
- 4 COAT CHECK
- 5 RECEPTION
- 6 DINING ROOM
- 7 SERVICE/CASHIER
- 8 SCULLERY 9 KITCHEN

- 10 UPPER ROOM BAR/ KITCHEN
- 11 WINE CELLAR
- 12 RESTROOMS
- 13 OFFICE
- 14 FROZEN STORAGE
- 15 REFRIGERATED STORAGE
- 16 STORAGE
- 17 CHEF'S ROOM

## credits

ARCHITECT: Piet Boon - Piet Boon, principal; Rienk Wiersma, Roland Kokkelar, design team

CONSULTANTS: .PSLAB (lighting); Bowers & Wilkens, Buzzispace Accoustics (acoustical)

CLIENT/OWNER: Chefs Sergio Herman and Nick Bril SIZE: 4,350 square feet

(restaurant and bar) PROJECT COST: withheld

COMPLETION DATE: March 2014

SOURCES

WINDOWS: Studio Job (stained glass)

DOORS: Bod'or

FLOORING: Piet Boon Flooring by Solid Floor (upper bar)

WALLS: Buzzispace (acoustical material)

HARDWARE: Piet Boon by

Formani MARBLE: Hullebusch (upper bar)

FURNISHINGS: Fredericia (black chairs); Flexform (green chairs)

KITCHEN: Maes Inox AUDIO EQUIPMENT: Bowers & Wilkins

TABLEWARE: Piet Boon Tableware by Serax

